

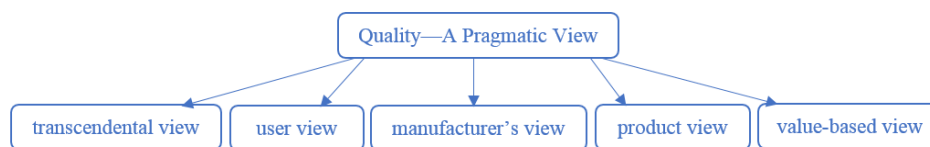
Chapter 19 Quality Concepts

Software Quality: Software quality can be defined as an effective software process applied in a manner that creates a useful product that provides measurable value for those who produce it and those who use it.

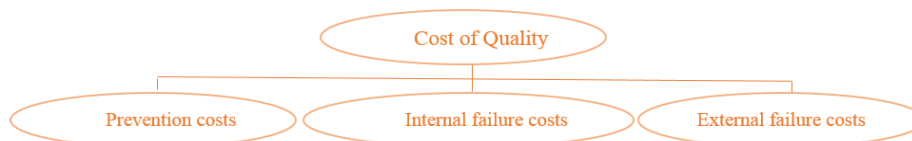
The American Heritage Dictionary defines quality as “**a characteristic or attribute of something.**”



User satisfaction = compliant product + good quality + delivery within budget and schedule



“Good Enough” Software: Good enough software delivers high quality functions and features that end-users desire, but at the same time it delivers other more obscure or specialized functions and features that contain known bugs.



Impact of Management Decisions:

- 1) Estimation decisions, irrational delivery date estimates cause teams to take short-cuts that can lead to reduced product quality.
- 2) Scheduling decisions, failing to pay attention to task dependencies when creating the project schedule.
- 3) Risk-oriented decisions, reacting to each crisis as it arises rather than building in mechanisms to monitor risks may result in products having reduced quality.

How to Achieving Software Quality?

- Software quality is the result of good project management and solid engineering practice.
- To build high quality software you must understand the problem to be solved and be capable of creating a quality design that conforms to the problem requirements.
- Eliminating architectural flaws during design can improve quality.
- Project management – project plan includes explicit techniques for quality and change management.
- Quality control - series of inspections, reviews, and tests used to ensure conformance of a work product to its specifications.
- Quality assurance - consists of the auditing and reporting procedures used to provide management with data needed to make proactive decisions.